## Annual Report Fiscal 2015-16



## Royal Canadian Marine Search and Rescue

# "I had a near death experience 18 years ago and required a rescue. Knowing what can happen, and knowing the time, commitment and training that goes into rescue services, I wanted a chance to be there for someone the same way someone was there for me."

That is a quote from one of our members who was asked why they volunteer for RCM-SAR. Why would someone spend hundreds of hours training? Why would they carry a pager and be ready to rush to their rescue vessel? Why would they put themselves in harm's way to help someone on the water?

One member's answer is above. There are countless other personal reasons, but the recurring themes among our rescue crews and our SAR prevention volunteers are service, camaraderie, and the opportunity to learn. There is also a driving passion to promote safety in their community and save lives on the water.

This passion is the foundation of RCM-SAR and has helped drive the achievements of the past year. The number of missions continued to grow. Once again we responded to about a third of the marine emergencies on the West Coast, fulfilling our role as a valued partner in the Canadian search and rescue system. With the opening of our new training centre and courses now underway in our new simulator facility we have realized a long-standing dream of a centre of training excellence for our members. We are renewing our fleet and delivering new vessels to our stations at a brisk pace. We are building new partnerships and exploring ways to do more in service to our communities.

This has been a year of leadership transition with a new President and a new Chief Executive Officer, but there has been no change in our vision of an excellent search and rescue service driven by engaged and committed volunteers. With the support of those volunteers and our small but dedicated management team, we are planning for even more achievements and an even stronger RCM-SAR in the years ahead.



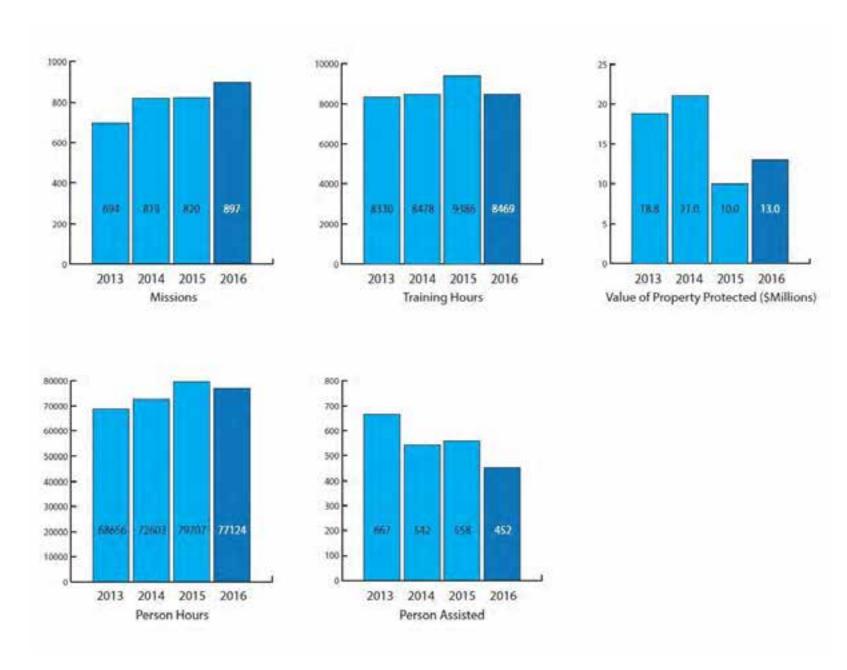
Greg Miller, President



Pat Quealey, Chief Executive Officer

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Fiscal 2015-16



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## Missions Accomplished

The following rescues have been chosen by staff at the Joint Rescue Coordination Centre for awards as the top missions of the past year.

Nine Minutes To Safety

A floatplane with seven people on board crashed on landing in Kitkatla harbour on the North Coast.

The RCM-SAR Kitkatla crew responded immediately. They found several people struggling to get out of the plane. One woman was in particular difficulty, but with the crew's coaching and assistance she was able to free the entanglements and get clear of the aircraft. Within nine minutes of being notified of the crash, all seven survivors were recovered and transported to the local nursing station for treatment. The community came together securing the plane to prevent it from sinking, and placed containment boom around the aircraft to limit the pollution damage to the environment.



### RCM-SAR Crew Leads Community Effort



A 28-metre luxury yacht with five people on board ran aground near Pender Harbour on the Sunshine Coast and rapidly started taking on water. RCM-SAR Pender Harbour responded in minutes. The passengers were already off the vessel, so the crew focused on keeping the yacht – with its 1500 litres of fuel on board – from sinking or drifting into the crowded and environmentallysensitive harbour. The crew fired up their dewatering pump, but it was clear the lone pump wouldn't be enough to keep the yacht afloat.

RCM-SAR put out the call to local residents, businesses and the fire department to round up as many pumps as they could. The Canadian Coast Guard lifeboat *Cape Caution* also arrived on scene with an additional pump. The coordinated effort paid off. The pumps kept up, and later that day divers were able to patch the hole and the yacht was safely towed to Vancouver for repairs. A recreational diving trip nearly ended in tragedy when high waves capsized a small dive boat near Victoria's Race Rocks. Nine people ended up in the water, clinging to their overturned hull. A local whale watching vessel and a recreational fishing boat tried to help the divers but the conditions were too rough.

Crews from two RCM-SAR stations – Sooke and Victoria – responded to the mayday call. With so many casualties in the water and conditions so challenging, the crews called on their extensive training and seamanship skills to recover the divers. Using heaving lines, the two crews took turns recovering the divers until all nine were safely aboard.

The divers were taken to a nearby marina and were met by ambulances, a helicopter, and the local fire department. There were no serious injuries. The mission highlights how standardized training and joint exercises support clear and effective communication between different stations.



## Planning for the Future

RCM-SAR is developing a strategic plan to guide activities during the next three years. Our members have clearly indicated they want to and can do more to enhance safety in British Columbia. Our plan will focus on strengthening our core search and rescue function, developing our people, creating new partnerships, maintaining effective communications and attracting stable and sustainable funding.

As part of the strategic planning process we surveyed our members and asked for their input on the direction RCM-SAR should take in the coming years. Nearly 300 members responded with their thoughts on RCM-SAR's mission, vision and key strengths. They identified training, funding and member recognition as key priorities. They also expressed their pride, passion and commitment to RCM-SAR, something that the strategic plan will identify as a driving force behind RCM-SAR's past and future accomplishments.

The strategic plan will be released in December 2016.



We recognize the strength of partnerships in the marine search and rescue community and are determined to build on these to improve public safety. As part of the Canadian Coast Guard Auxiliary system, our primary partnership is with the Coast Guard and the Department of Fisheries and Oceans. We are solidifying that partnership with the intent of making an even greater contribution to west coast marine safety. This involves training and exercises, skills transfer and inter-operability, and other collaboration that will improve emergency response.

We are exploring potential partnerships such as in the area of environmental response to improve our service to the public, broaden our member engagement and contribute towards more stable funding for our core services. Without detracting from our primary marine rescue focus, we are also pursuing providing mutual aid and support to other emergency management agencies. As a highly capable safety organization we believe we can help these other agencies fulfil their public safety mandate.



## Safety First



RCM-SAR crews expect to launch their rescue vessels when other mariners would prefer to be safely at the dock. The danger inherent in marine rescue means we make the safety of our crew members and the people they serve our number one priority.

Our safety program includes a Safety Officer who is responsible for auditing vessels, equipment and training at stations throughout the province. This year we established the Safety and Training Board as an internal clearing house for sharing best practices, promoting standardization and resolving training and safety issues across the organization. It includes members of the management team, representatives from stations, and advisors such as the Canadian Coast Guard.



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## Training

An exciting new chapter has begun with the opening of the new Training Centre as a centre of excellence for marine safety training in British Columbia. We broke ground for the new building in the fall of 2014 and opened it to students in June 2016. Designed by architect Paul Merrick, the building's exterior fits perfectly with its rural surroundings. Inside are a classroom, break rooms, equipment ready room, and RCM-SAR's Fast Rescue Craft Simulator. RCM-SAR is now able to train members in a comfortable, functional purpose-built facility, replacing borrowed space off-site.





The simulator has been completely overhauled with new digital projectors, a floor-to-ceiling surround screen, improved helm controls and instruments, better sound, and upgraded software to create an even more realistic simulated experience. Crews use the simulator to learn electronic navigation, crew communication and search and rescue techniques. Instructors create challenging navigation, visibility and sea conditions, and can shut down critical equipment to test crews' responses to escalating emergencies. RCM-SAR's "SARNav" simulator courses also include sessions in a real vessel to reinforce skills learned in the classroom and the simulator.









RCM-SAR members have provided very positive feedback about the new Training Centre, and several outside agencies have toured the facilities and expressed interest in using it for specialized training. We look forward to developing these partnerships and using our simulator and other training tools to their maximum potential.

RCM-SAR has the most comprehensive training for marine rescue volunteers in Canada. Collectively our members logged more than 8,400 training hours during the year. This included:

- Station-based classroom and on-water training
- SARNav1 and SARNav2 simulator and on-water training at the RCM-SAR Training Centre
- Transport Canada courses including Simulated Electronic Navigation Limited (SEN-L), Small Vessel Operator Proficiency (SVOP) and Marine Emergency Duties (MED A3).
- Standard First Aid, Marine Advanced First Aid, and First Responder training.
- Canadian Coast Guard Rigid Hull Inflatable
  Operator Training (RHIOT)
- Critical Incident Stress Management
- Incident Command

We are continually reviewing our training needs and the delivery of our training programs. This year we engaged the services of a Training Standards Officer on a temporary contract to help evolve our training standards and develop supporting guidance and material for station level training.

## Fitness

RCM-SAR continues to develop fitness requirements for crew members to ensure crew and public safety. We are assisted by the Occupational Physiology Laboratory at the School of Exercise Science, Physical and Health Education at the University of Victoria.

This year the university worked with several stations to complete a job demands analysis, physical demands analysis, and an analysis of the required capacities for safe and effective job performance. Next steps include development of a physical abilities assessment and standards for RCM-SAR, and development of a fitness training manual.



## Vessels and Equipment



Fleet standardization helps equip our crews with madein-B.C. vessels designed for our needs and coverage area. Our 10-year Fleet Procurement and Renewal Plan controls costs and promotes cross-training and interoperability. The procurement schedule helps stations plan their vessel needs and streamline the replacement and refit process with builders and suppliers.

The plan calls for five additional Fast Response Vessels, both Type 1 and Type 2, to be built over the next 18 - 24 months, subject to funding. Four Type 1 Fast Response Vessels will be delivered in 2016. The Type 1 features the ICE console (isolated crew enclosure) which provides shock mitigation to the crew. That improves crew preparedness when arriving on scene to start a search or rescue operation. With the delivery of these four Type 1 vessels, a third of the fleet has been renewed since the development of the plan in 2011.

In addition to vessels we continue to research new equipment for our boats and crews, including new electronic navigation equipment, personal protective gear, and search and rescue equipment. Quality equipment means added safety and improved service to the public.

For example, RCM-SAR members developed a new and more effective way to use technology to assist in searches. Rescue crews sometimes deploy "Datum Marker Buoys" at the scene of a search to track wind, current and other conditions that can influence a search pattern. Crews have relied on radio direction finding to keep track of the DMBs, but the system can be inaccurate and buoys are sometimes lost.

The RCM-SAR team has developed a buoy with an Automatic Identification System transponder that broadcasts pin-point location details to the rescue vessel. It is the same technology that ships use to identify each other and indicate their course and speed. Tests have shown the system is very effective in providing accurate position information and is expected to improve search operations and reduce the loss of expensive buoys.

## SAR Prevention

RCM-SAR is committed to preventing tragedies on the water. Since our inception we have operated a range of programs aimed at educating young people, paddling enthusiasts, recreational boaters and others to promote safety on the water. We offer free pleasure craft safety checks to help boat owners ensure they have the right safety equipment on board.

We take our boating safety message to elementary classrooms. Our "Bobbie the Safety Boat" is a hit with kids at community events, and our "Kids Don't Float" program is a huge success in communities throughout British Columbia. The KDF program features free loaner lifejackets for children and docks and marinas.



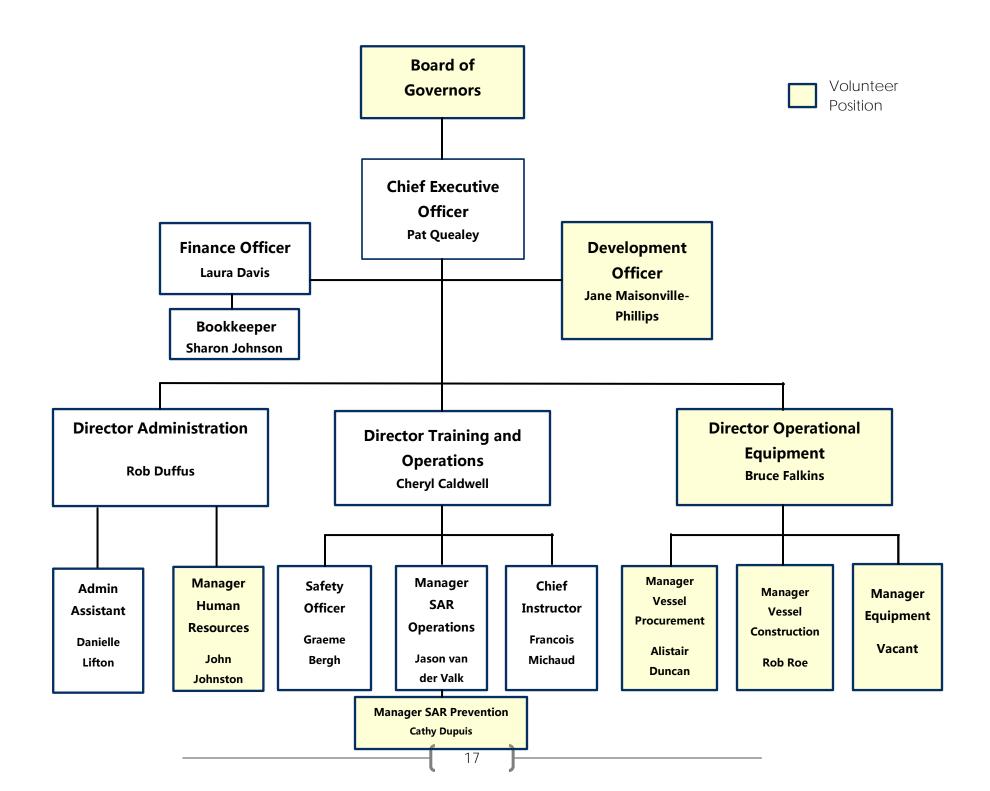


Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Cambridge, accompanied by Prime Minister Trudeau and RCM-SAR CEO Pat Quealey, receives personalized RCM-SAR life jackets for Prince George and Princess Charlotte from North Vancouver crewmember Louise Hooymans during the 2016 Royal Visit.

## Inviting the World

RCM-SAR is proud to be part of the international marine search and rescue community. As a member of the International Maritime Rescue Federation (IMRF) we are honoured to have been chosen to host the 2019 IMRF World Congress and Exhibition in Vancouver. More than 72 different SAR organizations are expected to be represented and up to 500 delegates may attend the three-day event. This will be a wonderful showcase for RCM-SAR and all our Canadian partners.







President - **Greg Miller** Manager at Goodfellow Inc., flooring, siding and decking



Executive Member – **Reg Marrinier** – Senior Vice President, Retail and Business, BlueShore Financial



**Dan Savage** – Works in financial services, formerly with the Department of External Affairs

Timothy Kendrick –

Structures

President of BW Global



Vice President – **Chris Gouglas** – VP Legal Services and General Counsel at Best Buy Canada



**Ken Burton** – CEO of Vancouver Maritime Museum



Second Vice President – Gordie Robinson – Former manager with Shaw Cablesystems



**Rob Grant** – Former RCM-SAR Operations Manager



Ken Wawryk – Owner and Operator of M2K Construction



Secretary – **Tracy Lakeman** CEO of Tourism Richmound and director of the BC Lions Society for Children with Disabilities



**Ian Grantham** – Deputy Station Leader, RCM-SAR West Vancouver

2015-16 Board of Governors

ROYAL CANADIAN MARINE SEARCH AND RESCUE Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2016

## ROYAL CANADIAN MARINE SEARCH AND RESCUE Index to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2016

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Statement of Revenue and Expenses and changes in Net Assets	4
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Chartered Professional Accountants LLP



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of ROYAL CANADIAN MARINE SEARCH AND RESCUE.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of ROYAL CANADIAN MARINE SEARCH AND RESCUE, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2016 and the statements of revenue and expenses and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such infernal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. These standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control refevant to the entity's greparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

(continues)

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Chartered Professional Accountants LLP

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of ROYAL CANADIAN MARINE SEARCH AND RESCUE. (continued)

Opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ROYAL CANADIAN MARINE SEARCH AND RESCUE as at March 31, 2016 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Cenadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

White Rock, Brush Columbia July 14, 2016

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS LLP

	ROYAL	CANAD Siate Ye	MAN M Mend ( M End	WADIAN MARINE SEARCH AND Sistement of Financial Position Year Ended March 31, 2016	SEAR( nclair P ch 31,	ROYAL CAMADIAN MARINE SEARCH AND RESCUE Statement of Financial Position Year Ended March 31, 2016	REBCI	Ŧ				
	Const Guerd Fund	T.	Capital Fund	Fund	8	Geming Fund	- Mg	General Fund	3	2018 Cument Yeer	8	2015 Comparative
CURRENT ASSETS Cash (Mole 2) Accounts received Involted	송 문출신	8,686 40,614 2,244	<del>69</del>	10 MB4	*	169,258	\$	87,858 130,858 17,288		243,709 171,802 19,642	60	841,784 103,051 18,071
Prepetd expenses Interprogram balances	004	5.806 5,806 4,756		ાર સામ		376 (14,756)		18,380 7,500 10,000		25,564 12,336		21,841 20,311
Capital assorts (Note 3)	8	06,252	3,20	3,202,480		164,870		283,024		475,469		800,438
TOTAL ASSETS	<b>1</b> 89	64,252	\$ 3,20	3,202,489	*	164,879		253,024	-	3,675,641	"	3,516,211
CURRENT LIABL, MES Accounts payable Deposits received Current accion of loss term	*	13,740		8.8	÷	9,040	••	134,001 24,930	-	218,280 24,930	**	212,352 11,047
debt (Note 5) Wages priyeble Deferred contributions (Note 4)	്ന	3,351	~	46,388		ь (ж. 90		• 28 - 81		44,366 3,361		44,665 4,464 200,072
Long torm debt (Niolo J)	4 4	1901	141	40,300 1,400,049		9,849 ,		160,501 - 150 401		292,897 1,400,049		472,601 1,440,415
NET ASSETS Invested in cepter maera Externally restricted Unreetricted Internetry restricted	E	(11,838)	1,76	1,756,074		- 145,027 		63,433		1,756,074 133,186 83,433		12,484
	Ę	(11,839)	1,76	1,766,074		145,027		83,433		<u>1,962,405</u>		1,697,195
	8		3,20	3,202,489		164,879	-	263,024		3,476,641		3,618,211
See notes to financial statements Anton, Bryson & Schindler Chartened Professional Accountants LLP	A network A	countan	Canta LLP		N	Jun C	3					ស

	Coas	sst Guerd Fund	Ğ	Capital Fund	Gar	Gaming Fund	Seite S	General Fund		2016	ර	2015 Compàrative
REVENUE Federal - Fisheres & Oceans	49	1,324,149	45	0.00)	ŝ	Raite	ω	•	-	1,324,149	64	1,312,600
Federal - Search & Rescue New Initiative Provincial - Gaming				00 00		225,000		752.387		252,387 225,000		263,582 225,000
Provincial - Ministry of Social						P		000 0				
Uevelopment Donations		<u>.</u>		16,840		ii) a		350,280		557,130		340,809
Training Miscellaneoue		- 73		ж ж		÷ 43		7,606		7,605		11,464
Gain (loss) on ranposal of copital assets		ā		(44,910)		3		4,000		(40,910)		
Insurance recovery SAR oquipmoni nocovery				• • •				- 83,429		83,429		59.801 107,428
•		1,324,222		(28,070)		225,043		764,343		2,285,538		2,438,855
EXPENSES Adminimum		321.314		J		1,034		34 548		358,806		205 298
Operations		357,517		6		2,178		163.727		523,422		567,121
Training		402,098 \$0,004		la 0		119,667		6,365		528,128 50,924		617,972 108,423
Interest and bank charges		Loui on		ŀ		1		8		100		
Marketing & recruiting		5,192		ı		1				5,102		15,360
Miscellaneoue Funding CCGA National		182,800		• 30		655		5,693		5,693		177,450
Interest on long term debt Amortisation		ž		105 035		51,104 -		8.		51,104		52,490
		1.319.723		106,935		173,983		210.393		1.900.034		2.031.908
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES		4,499		(224,005)		51,060		553,850		385,504		406,947
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) BEGINNING OF YEAR Transfork (Note 6)		(11,839) (4,499)		1,129,698 850,380		134,522 (40,555)		344,809 (805,326)		1.597,101		1.190,248 ©
		(16,338)		1,980,079		93,867		(460,517)		1,597,181		1,190,248
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) END OF YEAR	P.	(11, 820)	P	1 756 074		145 007		1111		1 987 666	ų	1 507 506

ROYAL CANADIAN MARINE SEARCH AND RESCUE Statement of Revenue and Expenses and changes in Net Assets Vest Ended March 31, 2016

See notes to financial statements Anton, Bryson & Schindler Chartered Professional Accountants LLP

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## ROYAL CANADIAN MARINE SEARCH AND RESCUE

#### Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended March 31, 2016

		2016		2015
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$	385,504	\$	406,947
Items not affecting cash:				
Amortization		195,935		189,163
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		40,910		-
	_	622,349		596,130
Changes in non-cash working capital:				
Accounts receivable		21,549		(80,551)
Inventory		(871)		4,702
Accounts payable		5,918		98,980
Orange County Foundation		{200,072}		(97,154)
Prepaid expenses		7,478		(3,924)
Goods and services lax payable (recoverable)		(3,924)		(4,217)
Wages payable		(1,143)		1,318
Deposits received		13,883		(10,481)
		(157,164)		(91,327)
Cash flow from operating activities	_	465,165		504,803
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of capital assets		(822,584)		(488,277)
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets		4,000		1.000,2000
Cash flow used by investing activities		(818,564)		(488.277)
FINANCING ACTIVITY				
Repayment of long term debt		(44,656)		(43,270)
DECREASE IN CASH FLOW		(398,055)		(24,744)
Cash - beginning of year		641,764		666,508
CASH - END OF YEAR	5	243,709	5	641,764
CASH FLOWS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION				
Interest paid	\$	51,164	s	52,490
-	Σ	001000		<b>BR</b> , 199
CASH CONSISTS OF:				
Cash	\$	243,709	- \$ -	337,584
Investments - GIC				304,200
	é	243,709	s	641,764
	9	243,198	-2	041,004

## ROYAL CANADIAN MARINE SEARCH AND RESCUE Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2016

#### NATURE OF OPERATIONS

ROYAL CANADIAN MARINE SEARCH AND RESCUE (the "Organization") is incorporated under the Canada Corporation Act as a corporation without share capital under the sponsorship of the federal government and is exempt from tax under section 149 of the income Tax Act. The objective is to provide organized volunteer marine search and rescue and promote public boating safety in the Pacific Region of Canada.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of presentation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for notfor-profit organizations (ASNEPO).

#### Fund accounting

The Organization records accounting transactions using the fund accounting method generally in use for non-profit organizations. A fund is determined for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or altaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. Each fund has its own statement of financial position and statement of operations which present the financial position and the results of operations for the fund.

Coast Guard Contribution Agreement Fund - activities associated with Department of Fisheries and Oceans.

Capital Fund - activities associated with property plant and equipment of the Organization.

Gaming Fund - activities associated with grants received through the Gaming Branch - Province of British Columbia.

General Fund - all other activities of the Organization.

#### Inventory

Inventory, consisting of spare parts and supplies held for use, is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value with the cost being determined on a specific unit basis.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets are stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated amortization. Capital assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives at the following rates.

Buildings	40 years	straight-line method
Boating safety promotional equipment	30%	declining balance method
Facility improvements	10 years	straight-line method
Furniture and foctures	30%	declining balance method
Manne simulator	5 years	straight-line method
Motor vehicles	30%	declining balance method
Online Training Software	10 years	straight-line method
Vessels	5 years	straight-line method

(conlinues)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for restricted contributions and they recognize fees for services when the service has been performed and collection is reasonably assured.

#### Financial instruments policy

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transaction costs on the ecquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when locurred

#### Contributed materials and services

The Organization accounts for contributed materials at their fair value if the fair value can be reasonably estimated and they are used in the normal course of operations and would otherwise have been purchased. The value of volunteer labour is not capable of reasonable estimation and is not included in these statements.

#### Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of linancial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-forprofit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### CASH

Cash consists of:

	_	2018	2015
Cash Investments - GIC-	5	243,709	\$ 337,564 304,200
	\$	243,709	\$ 641,764

## ROYAL CANADIAN MARINE SEARCH AND RESCUE Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2016

## 3. CAPITAL ASSETS

		Cost		cumulated nortization	1	2016 Net book Value	I	2015 Net book Value
Land	\$	1,296,970	5		\$	1,296,970	\$	1,296,970
Buildings		303,030		30,303		272,727		280.302
Bosting safety promotional						-		
equipment		161,977		159,255		2,722		3,869
Facility improvements		194,222		51,844		142,378		147,572
Furniture and fixtures		199,728		180,320		19,408		20,479
Marine simulator		942,985		685,610		257,375		27,948
Motor vehicles		90,581		82,027		8,554		12,220
Online Training Software		329,029		65,806		263,223		296,126
Simulator building - under								
construction		696,327		$\approx$		696,327		149.663
Training equipment		269,777		102,987		166,790		214,445
Vessels		495,347		419,332		76,015		171,159
	5	4,979,973	s	1.777,484	\$	3,202,489	5	2,620.773

#### 4. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS

Represent restricted contributions received in excess of amounts expended during the year.

		_	2016		2015
	Orange County Foundation Other	5	-	ş	150,072 50,000
		<u>5</u>	+	\$	200,072
5.	LONG TERM DEBT	_	2016		2015
	Coast Capital Savings loan bearing interest at 3.49% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$7,980. The loan matures on August 1, 2017 and is secured by land and building.	\$	1,446.415	\$	1,481.071
	Amounts payable within one year	_	(46,368)		(44,656)
		<u></u>	1,400,049	5	1,446,415
	Principal repayment terms for each fiscal year are approximately:				
	2017 2018	\$	<b>46,366</b> 1,400,049		
		s	1.446.415		

## ROYAL CANADIAN MARINE SEARCH AND RESCUE Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2016

#### 6. TRANSFERS

	 2016	2015
TRANSFERS OF CAPITAL OUTLAY TO CAPITAL FUND From Coast Guard Fund From General Fund	\$ <b>4,499</b> 805,328	\$ 2,235 434,138
TRANSFERS OF MORTGAGE PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS TO CAPITAL FUND From Gaming Fund	40,555	43,270
TRANSFERS OF TRAINING COSTS TO GENERAL FUND		-
TRANSFERS OF REVENUE RELATED TO DESIGN FEES TO GENERAL FUND		-

#### 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the Organization's risk exposure and concentration as of March 31, 2016.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its receipt of funds from its funders and other related sources, wages, long term debt and accounts payable.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the Organization manages exposure through its normal operating and financing activities. The Organization is exposed to interest rate risk primarily through its cash in the bank and long term debt.